

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2018

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Biology (WBI05) Energy, Exercise and Coordination

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Summer 2018
Publications Code WBI05_01_1806_MS
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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)		I GNORE simple descriptions	
	 percentage increase in volume of air breathed in per minute increases with increasing CO₂ concentration / eq; steepest increase is between 6 and 8 % CO₂; levels off after 10 % / eq; 	ALLOW ventilation rate IGNORE breathing rate ALLOW a pair of value between 4 and 10 that include 6 to 8%	
	·		(3)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number 1(b)		ALLOW converse arguments for decrease in carbon dioxide concentration for MP1, 2 and 5	
	1. the concentration of carbon dioxide in the { alveoli / air sacs } is higher / eq;		
	2. the concentration of carbon dioxide in the blood is higher / pH of blood is lower / eq;	IGNORE reference to stretch receptors	
	3. detected by chemoreceptors in {medulla / carotid artery / aorta};	ALLOW in carotid bodies I GNORE receptors I GNORE in blood vessels	
	4. reference to {respiratory centre / ventilation centre / control centre};		
	5. sending nerve impulses to {diaphragm / intercostal muscles };	ALLOW to muscles involved with breathing	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(a)(i)	B - phytochrome	
	The only correct answer is B	
	A is not correct because auxin is the name given to plant hormones	
	C is not correct because retinal is a component of rhodopsin	
	D is not correct because rhodopsin is the light receptor in the mammalian eye	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(a)(ii)	B - PFR produced in response to Red light	
	The only correct answer is B	
	A is not correct because P_{FR} is produced in response to red light and not Far red light and germination is stimulated by red light	
	C is not correct because it is the PFR that stimulates germination	
	D is not correct because P_R is converted to P_{FR} by red light	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(iii)	1. P _{FR} (slowly) changes to P _R in the dark;		
	2. levels of P_{Fr} become too low to stimulate germination / levels of P_R become high enough to inhibit germination;	ALLOW a high concentration of P _{FR} stimulates germination	
	3. idea that seeds become less viable with storage;	e.g. substrates used up / moulds may grow / enzyme lose activity	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(b)(i)	C - positive phototropism	
	The only correct answer is C	
	A is not correct because the response is to light so is a 'photo' response and not a 'geo' response	
	B is not correct because the response is to light so is a 'photo' response	
	D is not correct because the shoot bends towards light and is a positive response	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)(ii)	 as light intensity (for both red and blue light) increases angle of curvature increases / eq; 		
	2. greater response to blue light / eq;	ALLOW Angle of curvature is greater for blue light	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
2(b)(iii)	1. temperature ;		
	2. light intensity;		
	3. wave length or colour of light;		
	4. age of seedlings / age of coleoptile;		
	5. species of seedling / type of seed;		
	6. growth medium ;		
	7. humidity / soil moisture ;		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)(iv)		ALLOW auxin in place of IAA	
	IAA moves away from light / there is more IAA on the darker side of the stem / eq;		
	2. (H) bonds between cellulose molecules weakened / broken / eq;		
	3. the cells elongate;	ALLOW cell walls elongate	
	4. due to {uptake of water / increase in turgor pressure / eq};		
	5. (IAA) causes coleoptiles to { bend / grow } towards the light;		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(i)	С	
	The only correct answer is C	
	A is not correct because opsin gene is transcribed in the nucleus in part C	
	B is not correct because opsin gene is transcribed in the nucleus in part C	
	D is not correct because opsin gene is transcribed in the nucleus in part C	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(ii)	A	
	The correct answer is A	
	B is not correct because rhodopsin is concentrated in part A the outer segment	
	C is not correct because rhodopsin is concentrated in part A the outer segment	
	D is not correct because rhodopsin is concentrated in part A the outer segment	(1)
		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(iii)	A - decreases hyperpolarised	
	The only correct answer is A	
	B is not correct because the rod cell membrane is hyperpolarised	
	C is not correct because rod cell membrane becomes less permeable to sodium	
	D is not correct because rod cell membrane becomes less permeable to sodium	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)(i)	1. ATP provides energy ;	ALLOW to reform rhodopsin I GNORE ATP produces energy	
	2. synthesis of {rhodopsin / opsin / retinal / neurotransmitters };		
	3. re-joining retinal to opsin;	I GNORE reference to un-bleaching	
	4. converting trans-retinal back into cis-retinal;	ALLOW to maintain the membrane	
	5. used { by sodium pump to / to actively } pump sodium ions;	potential	
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
*3(b)(ii)	QWC emphasis is clarity of expression		
	1. reference to chemiosmosis;		
	2. reference to oxidative phosphorylation;		
	3. electrons and protons from { NADH / FADH / reduced NAD / reduced FAD } ;	ALLOW produced by reduced hydrogen carriers; ALLOW H+ / hydrogen ions for protons I GNORE hydrogen / H	
	4. energy released by electrons moving along electron transport chain;	ALLOW ETC for electron transport chain	
	5. is used to pump protons (across the inner membrane);		
	6. into space between inner and outer membrane / eq;		
	7. protons diffuse through ATP synthase;	ALLOW move down the concentration / electrochemical gradient I GNORE ATPase	
	8. (ATP synthase) phosphorylates ADP to form ATP;	ALLOW ADP + Pi → ATP	
	9. (some) ATP produced by substrate level phosphorylation;	ALLOW (some) ATP produced directly (in the Krebs cycle)	(6)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
4(a)(i)	soda lime ;	ACCEPT sodium hydroxide /	
		potassium hydroxide / carbon	
		dioxide absorber / NaOH / KOH	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
4(a)(ii)			
	1. measure distance moved by drop oil;		
	2. divide (volume / distance) by time taken;		(2)
	2. divide (volume / distance) by time taken ;		(2

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
4(b)(i)	1. 2.3 and 0.5 or 1.8 ;		
	2. 360 (%) ;	Correct answer no working gains full marks.	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			

4(b)(ii)	 muscles using oxygen faster than it can be delivered; anaerobic respiration is taking place; 	ALLOW not enough oxygen (available to the muscle)	
	3. pyruvate is converted to lactate;4. and reduced NAD is oxidised / eq;	ALLOW reoxidising NADH	
	The difference of the is extensed a eq.	/ LEG VV TOO MIGHTS TWO TO	(3)

Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(during exercise / first 2 minutes } muscles use anaerobic respiration;	ALLOW produce lactate	
oxygen consumption is increased to {repay oxygen debt / oxidise lactate / re-oxygenate myoglobin};		
3. { during recovery / once exercise has finished } anaerobic respiration stops;		
4. oxygen uptake decreases as oxygen debt decreases / eq;	ALLOW lactate has been converted back to pyruvate myoglobin has been re-oxygenated	(4)
	 1. { during exercise / first 2 minutes } muscles use anaerobic respiration; 2. oxygen consumption is increased to {repay oxygen debt / oxidise lactate / re-oxygenate myoglobin}; 3. { during recovery / once exercise has finished } anaerobic respiration stops; 	 { during exercise / first 2 minutes } muscles use anaerobic respiration; oxygen consumption is increased to {repay oxygen debt / oxidise lactate / re-oxygenate myoglobin}; { during recovery / once exercise has finished } anaerobic respiration stops; oxygen uptake decreases as oxygen debt decreases / eq; ALLOW lactate has been converted back to pyruvate myoglobin has been re-

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		

5(a)(i)	B - contracting relaxing	
	The only correct answer is B	
	A is not correct as these muscles are an antagonistic pair – one must contract and one relax	
	C is not correct as the hamstring is the flexor muscle	
	D is not correct as these muscles are an antagonistic pair - one must contract and one relax	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
5(a)(ii)	D – tendons	
	The only correct answer is D	
	A is not correct as fast twitch fibres are muscles fibres	
	P is not correct as ligaments connect hones to hones	
	B is not correct as ligaments connect bones to bones	
	C is not correct as slow twitch fibres are muscles fibres	
		(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
5(b)(i)	A - transcription of DNA in the nucleus	
	The only correct answer is A	
	B is not correct because transcription takes place in the nucleus	
	C is not correct because mRNA is not translated in the nucleus	
	D is not correct because mRNA is translated not the gene	
		(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
5(b)(ii)			
	1. calcium ions bind to troponin;		
	2. changing the shape of troponin;		
	3. { troponin / tropomyosin } move away (from actin filaments);	ALLOW move away from myosin binding sites	
	4. to allow the myosin head to bind to actin / eq;	ALLOW to allow actin myosin bridges to form	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(c)(i)	the greater the number of hours of physical activity the greater the frequency of osteoarthritis / eq;	ALLOW positive correlation	
		DO NOT ACCEPT the greater the number of hours of physical	
		activity the greater the number of cases of osteoarthritis	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(c)(ii)	1. (mean) BMI for each group was { similar / the same / eq };	I GNORE unqualified reference to no statistical difference	
	2. ranges overlap / eq ;	ALLOW error bars, SD or SE overlap	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
5(c)(iii)			
	1. idea that procedure is less invasive;	e.g. small incision	
	2. idea of less pain after operation;		
	3. idea of fast { healing / recovery } ;		
	3. Idea of fast { fleating / fectivery } ,		
	4. idea that there will be { less scarring / eq };		
	5. idea of reduced risk of infection;		
	6. less blood loss ;		(0)
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)	1. repeat the experiment;	ALLOW use a larger number of cuttlefish	
	2. test sound intensities above 165 a.u.;		
	3. test { frequencies / intensities } at smaller intervals ;		(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number 6(b)	use a sound frequency between 100 and 200 cycles per second;	ACCEPT Hz in place of cycles per second	
	2. use a sound intensity between 140 and 165 a.u.;	1. and 2. ACCEPT a single suitable value	
	3. use a group of cuttlefish;	ALLOW repeat with another fish	
	4. idea of testing the cuttlefish with the sound at regular intervals;		
	5. idea of observing the strength of the flight response;	e.g. measure number of flight response or strength of flight response or amount of ink produced	
	6. a reduced response shows habituation has occurred;		
			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(a)			
	1. consumes a lot of food;	ALLOW has a large appetite	
	2. stays below ground;		
	3. star being a touch organ to locate the prey;	ALLOW uses sensitive nose to hunt	
	4. high metabolic rate;		
	5. produces heat to keep warm ;	ALLOW idea that heat generated by {shivering / muscle contraction}	
	6. reference to {hypothalamus / thermoregulatory centre};		
	7. balance heat gain and heat loss;		
	8. credit method of reducing heat loss;	e.g. fur, reduced sweating, reduced vasodilation	(5)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
7(b)	1. papillae formed from different { cell types / tissues } ;		
	<pre>2. working together { with specific function(s) / as a sensory organ };</pre>	ALLOW to act as a touch organ I GNORE working together with similar functions	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(c)	(pressure / vibrations) affects the membrane (of the nerve cell);		
	2. increasing the membrane permeability to sodium ions / eq;	I GNORE sodium and Na	
	3. sodium ions flow into the neurone / eq;	ALLOW opens sodium ion channels	
	4. depolarising the membrane / triggering an action potential / eq;	ALLOW description of membrane depolarisation	(3)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
7(d)	1. insulation ;		
	2. { press on / transmit pressure to } the membrane of sensory neurone;	ALLOW (help) detect vibrations	
	3. increases speed of conduction / eq;		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(e)	1. differentiation from a stem cell / eq;	I GNORE unspecialised cell	
	2. signal molecules (act on the stem cell);		
	3. reference to transcription factors;		
	4. idea of activating genes involved in synthesis of myelin;	DO NOT ACCEPT myelin gene is activated	
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(f)	1. more impulses from 11 th appendage (to the cortex);		
	2. more neurotransmitter released;		
	3. more synaptic connections formed;		
	4. cell columns for 11 th appendage are larger (than for other appendages);		
	5. pruning of unused synapses ;		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(g)	1. period of time (during early development) / eq;		
	2. when (development) of the nervous system is sensitive to a stimulus / eq;		
	3. { before / after } which the stimulus has no effect;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(h)	QWC Emphasis is on logical sequence	ACCEPT Ca ²⁺ / Na ⁺ ACCEPT named neurotransmitter in MP4, MP5 and MP6	
	calcium ion channels open / calcium ions enter (neurone / knob);		
	2. vesicles { fuse / bind / eq } with presynaptic membrane;	I GNORE into membrane I GNORE calcium channels ALLOW through membrane	
	3. neurotransmitter released (from sensory neurones) { into synaptic cleft / by exocytosis } ;		
	4. reference to diffusion of neurotransmitter;		
	5. neurotransmitter binds to receptors on post-synaptic membrane;	ALLOW receptors on post- synaptic neurone	
	6. sodium ion channels open / sodium ions enter;		
	7. post-synaptic membrane is depolarised / action potential initiated / impulse initiated / wave of depolarisation initiated / post synaptic potential generated;	I GNORE sodium channels	
			(5)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(i)	 credit recognised experiments; eye(s) deprived of light for a period of time; when opened eye does not respond to light / animal is blind; 	e.g. effect of cataracts in new born humans or Hubel and Wiesel experiments with monkeys and kittens	
	4. idea a control;	e.g. one eye closed one not closed, another cat	(3)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
7(j)	1. geographic isolation of populations;	ALLOW example of isolation mechanism	
	2. lack of gene flow between populations;		
	3. mutation(s) take place ;		
	4. giving (the star nosed mole) advantage in locating prey;	ALLOW better able to locate prey in soil and aquatic environments;	
	5. increased frequency of advantageous alleles in the population;	ALLOW individuals with mutated alleles survive and pass on alleles to offspring	(3)